



MONOTIME®



Français (French)	Suture chirurgicale résorbable, monofil en polydioxane à résorption lente.
English	Absorbable surgical suture, polydioxane monofilament with long term resorption.
Español (Spanish)	Sutura quirúrgica absorbible de monofilamento de polidioxano a largo plazo
Italiano (Italian)	Sutura chirurgica assorbibile in polidioxane con riassorbimento a lungo termine
Deutsch (German)	Resorbierbare chirurgische Nahtmaterial, polydioxan mit langezeit-resorptio-
Nederlands (Dutch)	Absorbeerbare, chirurgische hechtdraad, polydioxane met resorp tie op lange termijn..
Ελληνικά (Greek)	Μονοφίλω πολιδιόξανο χειρουργική ρύπανση, από τοκολόβοντον βρόβες πτυχοφορητή
Polski (Polish)	Nic chirurgiczna wchłaniąca z polidiksonem, o długim okresie reszpoji
Română (Romanian)	Fir chirurgical de sutură absorbabil, din polidioxan, cu durată lungă de resorbție
Ceská (Czech)	Vstřebatelný chirurgický síť materiál z polydioxanu s dlouhodobou resorpcií
Magyar (Hungarian)	Felszívódó, polidioxan alapúanyagú szélességi forral, hosszú távú felszívódással.....
Русский (Russian)	Медленнорассасывающийся монофиламентный хирургический швовый материал на основе полидиксона
العربية (Arabic)	خيط جراحى مذابحى يذوب ببطء على المدى الطويل
中文 (Chinese)	可吸收的外科手术缝线，聚二氧环己烷，长期再吸收（商品名：麦路）

PETERS SURGICAL
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Ce produit est destiné à être utilisé par ou sous les ordres d'un médecin.
Tout dispositif utilisé ou entamé doit être détruit dans un incinérateur approprié en respectant les réglementations locales ou nationales concernant l'élimination des déchets.

UTILISATION
Inspecter l'emballage pour confirmer son intégrité.
Ouvrir la pocheuse pelable et prélever le sachet aluminium déchirable. Inspecter l'emballage pour confirmer son intégrité.
Les sutures synthétiques résorbables MONOTIME® sont disponibles en violet (D&C violet n° 2, CI 60725).

Les sutures synthétiques résorbables MONOTIME® sont conformes à toutes les exigences de la Pharmacopée Européenne (EP) pour les sutures chirurgicales synthétiques non absorbantes, sauf celles qui sont destinées à la fermeture de la plaie et la tissu vers soi.

L'accès à l'aiguille est direct, la suture et dévier la suture.

EFFETS INDESIRABLES

Les effets indésirables associés à l'utilisation de ce matériel comprennent :
- Des suppurations et des saignements de la plaie avec formation de sinus.

Le risque en présence d'une contamination bactérienne, les sutures, comme tout autre matériel, peuvent entraîner une infection.

Une perte progressive de résistance et une absorption définitive des sutures résorbables MONOTIME® se effectuent par une hydrolyse au cours de laquelle le polymère acide 2-hydroxyhexanoate qui est ultérieurement dégradé et métabolisé à nouveau.

La formation de calculs dans les tracés urinaires ou biliaires, en cas de contact prolongé avec des solutions salines telles l'urine ou la bile.

Les performances techniques attendues des sutures résorbables MONOTIME® sont conservées environ 75 % de la résistance initiale au bout de deux semaines de post-implantation, plus de 60 % au bout de quatre semaines, et de 40 % au bout de six semaines.

La résorption des sutures résorbables MONOTIME® est totale entre 150 et 210 jours.

Les sutures synthétiques résorbables MONOTIME® sont disponibles en plusieurs longueurs, diamètres (USP/E) et quantités.

INDICATIONS

Les sutures chirurgicales synthétiques résorbables MONOTIME® sont indiquées pour une utilisation générale comme sutures résorbables dans la suture ou la ligature des tissus, particulièrement lorsque le temps de cicatrisation est prolongé (jusqu'à six semaines), dans un état de santé et de chirurgie optimale, en chirurgie vasculaire périphérique, en chirurgie ophthalmique et en microchirurgie.

SYNTHÈSES UTILISÉES SUR L'EMBALLAGE

- Dispositif Médical
- Identifiant unique du dispositif

- Ne pas réutiliser

- Ne pas restériliser

- Date limite d'utilisation (AAA-MM-JJ)

- Date de fabrication (AAA-MM-JJ)

- Fabricant

- Code de lot

- Ne pas utiliser si l'emballage est endommagé

- Crain l'humidité

- Conserver à l'abri de la lumière du soleil

- Limite supérieure de température

- Stérilisé avec de l'oxyde d'éthylène

- Système de barrière stérile unique avec emballage de protection intérieur

- Référence catalogue

- Attention

- Consulter les instructions d'utilisation

- Marque CE, produit conforme aux exigences essentielles de la directive européenne 93/42/CEE relative aux dispositifs médicaux.

Tous les énoncés indésirables graves ou mortellement graves, ou entraînant la mort, liés à l'utilisation de ce dispositif, doivent être signalés au fabricant.

Des rapports par inadvertance avec des aiguilles de sutures contaminées peuvent être faits de transmission de maladies infectieuses.

Marquage CE initial : 2005

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DESCRIPTION
These sterile synthetic absorbable surgical sutures MONOTIME® are composed of a polydioxane monofilament.

The synthetic absorbable surgical sutures MONOTIME® are available in dyed violet color (D&C violet n° 2, CI 60725).

The synthetic absorbable sutures MONOTIME® comply with the requirements of the European Pharmacopoeia (EP) for synthetic monofilament absorbable surgical sutures and the United States Pharmacopoeia (USP), except for minor oversize in diameter.

The clinical performance of the synthetic absorbable surgical sutures MONOTIME® are a closure complete without dehiscence and an efficient wound healing without infection.

The synthetic absorbable surgical sutures MONOTIME® elicit a minimal initial tensile strength and an efficient wound healing without infection.

Progressive loss of tensile strength and an efficient wound healing without infection is the point of degradation of the 2-hydroxyhexanoate acid which is subsequently absorbed and metabolized in the body.

The absorption process begins with a loss of tensile strength followed by a loss of mass.

The synthetic absorbable sutures MONOTIME® elicit in vivo approximately 75 % of their original tensile strength two days after implantation, more than 60 % at four weeks and about 50 % at six weeks.

Absorption of the sutures MONOTIME® is essentially complete between 180 and 210 days.

The sterile synthetic absorbable sutures MONOTIME® are available in various lengths, diameters (USP/E) and quantities.

INDICATIONS

These synthetic absorbable surgical sutures MONOTIME® are indicated for use in general soft tissue approximation and/or ligation, particularly when long time support is required (until six weeks), including use in paediatric cardiovascular and vascular surgery, in peripheral vascular surgery, in ophthalmic surgery and in microsurgery.

CONTRADICTIONS

These sutures, being absorbable, should not be used where prolonged (beyond 10 weeks) approximation of tissue under stress is required and in conjunction with cardiovascular and vascular prosthetic devices.

The product should not be used in patients known to have sensitivities or allergies to its components.

VALIDITY / STORAGE CONDITIONS

Do not use after the expiry date.

The product must be stored in its original packaging, at a temperature lower than 25°C, in a dry place and in the shelter of light.

SYMBOLS USED ON PACKAGING

- Medical device

- Unique Device Identifier

- Do not reuse

- Do not sterilize

- Use by date (YYYY-MM-DD)

- Date of manufacture (YYYY-MM-DD)

- Manufacturer

- Batch code

- Do not use if package is opened or damaged

- Keep dry

- Keep away from sunlight

- Upper limit of temperature

- Sterilized using ethylene oxide

- Single sterile barrier system with protective packaging inside

- catalogue number

- Caution

- Consult instructions for use

- CE Mark. Product conforms to the essential requirements of the European Medical Devices Directive 93/42/EEC

All serious or life-threatening adverse events or deaths associated with use of this device should be reported to the manufacturer.

The technique, method or products used depend on clinical experience and are not to be used in a surgical procedure.

Users should be familiar with surgical procedures and techniques involving synthetic absorbable sutures for wound closure, as risk of wound dehiscence may vary with the site of application and the material used.

Adverse events or serious or life-threatening adverse events or deaths associated with use of this device should be reported with respect to drainage and closure of contaminated or infected wounds.

The use of supplemental non absorbable sutures should be considered by surgeon in the closure of sites which may undergo expansion, stretching, or distortion, or which may require additional support.

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Users should be familiar with surgical procedures and techniques involving synthetic absorbable sutures for wound closure, as risk of wound dehiscence

